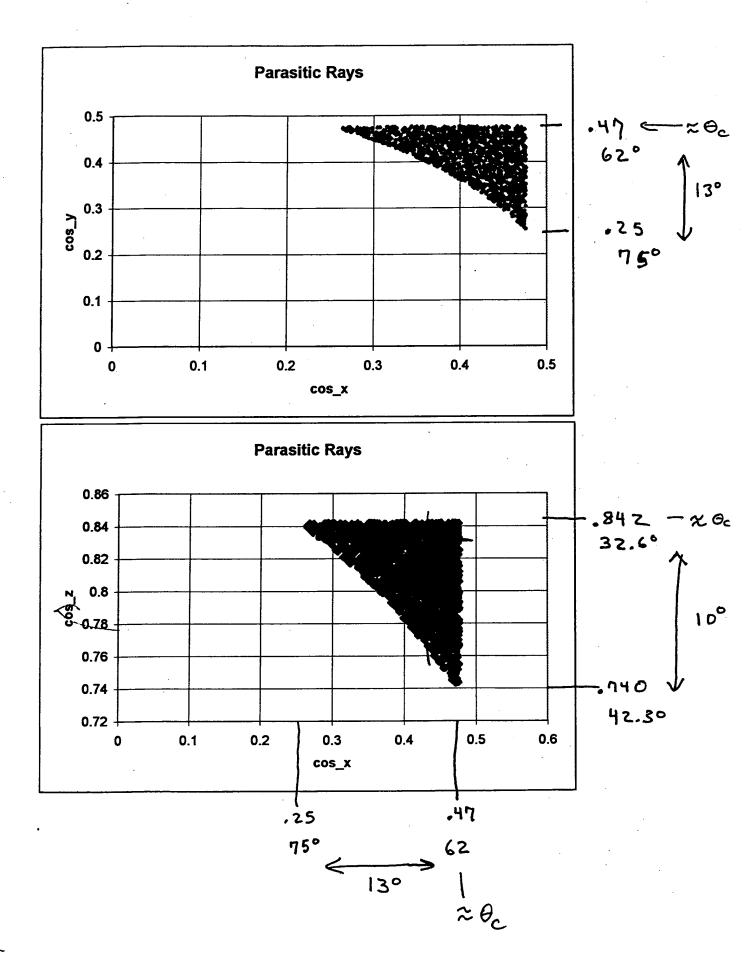
Slab ASE 01 Inputs: slab length (cm) 10 0.35 slab height (cm) 0.25 slab thickness (cm) slab refractive index 1.82 more than parasitic coating index 1.6 1000 parast 0.08 specific gain (nepers/cm) 100000 number of rays to launch Mays from form Outputs: 0.08 maximum gain (nepers/cm) -21.9501 minimum gain (nepers/cm) on ne 1 /ng-1/2/2/ this can be 2 zero-loss For Parautic Mode: Average distance, bleveen strikes Darasitic mod on top and bottom & 3.5mm = 8,75mm Average distance travelled between 8trkes on lift and right sides a 2.5 mm = 6.25 mm Average distance travelled between 8tribes on slab ends = 10am =



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Dim GarnDistribution (1000)
Const pi As Double = 3.141592654
Sub Main()
  Main Macro
  Macro recorded 9/6/97 by Raymond J. Beach
  Keyboard Shortcut: Ctrl+u
'Get input parameters
    Worksheets("sheet1").Select
    Range("length").Select: SlabLength = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("height").Select: SlabHeight = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("thickness").Select: SlabThickness = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("slabindex").Select: SlabIndex = ActiveCell.Value
    Range ("coatingindex"). Select: CoatingIndex = ActiveCell. Value
    Range("specificgain").Select: SpecificGain = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("numberofrays").Select: NumberOfRays = ActiveCell.Value
'Define other parameters
    NumberOfParasiticDirections = 0
    Nbins = 100
    MaxGain = SpecificGain
    Range("maximumgain").Select: ActiveCell.Value = MaxGain
    RelativeIndex = SlabIndex / CoatingIndex
    If SlabHeight < SlabThickness Then
        MinGain = 2 * Log((RelativeIndex - 1) / (RelativeIndex + 1)) / SlabHeight
        MinGain = 2 * Log((RelativeIndex - 1) / (RelativeIndex + 1)) / SlabThickness
    End If
    Range("minimumgain").Select: ActiveCell.Value = MinGain
'Initialize the random number generator
    Randomize
'Start the launch cycle
For i = 1 To NumberOfRays
'Define a random launch direction in (+,+,+) quadrant using direction cosines to define the direc
    Phi = (pi / 2) * Rnd
    Theta = (pi / 2) * Rnd
'x is the slab height direction
'y is the slab thickness direction
'z is the slab length direction
    cx = Sin(Theta) * Cos(Phi)
                                 'direction cos in x-direction
    cy = Sin(Theta) * Sin(Phi)
                                 'direction cos in y-direction
                                 'direction cos in z-direction
    cz = Cos(Theta)
'Define unpolarized Fresnel reflection coefficients for three different planes that generate ima
ge space
    'x-plane calculation
    Theta1 = ArcCos(cx)
    Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Theta1) / CoatingIndex
    If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
        Refx = 1
    Else
        Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
        Refx = ((Sin(Thetal - Theta2) / Sin(Thetal + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Thetal - Theta2) / Tan(
Theta1 + Theta2)) ^2 / 2
    End If
    'y-plane Calculation
    Thetal = ArcCos(cy)
    Temp = SlabIndex \dot{*} Sin(Thetal) / CoatingIndex
    If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
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Refy = 1
     Else
         Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
         Refy = ((Sin(Theta1 - Theta2) / Sin(Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Theta1 - Theta2) / Tan(
 Thetal + Theta2)) ^2 / 2
     End If
     'z-plane calculation
     Theta1 = ArcCos(cz)
     Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Theta1)
     If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
         Refz = 1
     Else
         Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
         Refz = ((Sin(Theta1 - Theta2) / Sin(Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Theta1 - Theta2) / Tan(
 Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
     End If
 'Calculate the loss per cm in nepers/cm due to x, y, and z reflections
     Nepersx = cx * Log(Refx) / SlabHeight
     Nepersy = cy * Log(Refy) / SlabThickness
     Nepersz = cz * Log(Refz) / SlabLength
 'Calculate the net gain-loss in nepers/cm seen by this ray
    Nepers = SpecificGain + Nepersx + Nepersy + Nepersz
 'Bin this launch
     BinNumber = Nbins * (Nepers - MinGain) / (MaxGain - MinGain)
     If BinNumber < 0 Then BinNumber = 0
    GainDistribution(BinNumber) = GainDistribution(BinNumber) + 1
    If Nepers > 0 Then
        Beep
        NumberOfParasiticDirections = NumberOfParasiticDirections + 1
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 1).Value = cx
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 2).Value = cy
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 3).Value = cz
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 4).Value = Refx
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 5).Value = Refy
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 6).Value = Refz
        Check = Sqr(cx ^2 + cy ^2 + cz ^2)
     End If
Next i
End Sub
Function ArcCos(C)
 'Returns the Arc Cos of C.
    If C = 0 Then
        ArcCos = pi / 2
    Else
        ArcCos = Atn(Sqr(1 - C ^ 2) / C)
    End If
End Function
Function ArcSin(S)
 'Returns the Arc Sin of S
    If S = 1 Then
        ArcSin = pi / 2
        ArcSin = Atn(S / Sqr(1 - S ^ 2))
    End If
End Function
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